# ANTHOLOGY OF BAROQUE SONATAS

 $b\gamma$ 

## Bach, Cimarosa, Seixas and Soler

Transcribed and edited for the Guitar

Raymond Burley

ED 12481



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#### Preface

The term 'Sonata' has been used since the 17th century to describe an instrumental chamber composition as opposed to 'Cantata' implying a work for voices. By the late 18th century *Sonata* had become restricted almost entirely to works for one or two instruments—usually harpsichord or, e.g. violin or flute together with harpsichord continuo.

All the works in the current collection have been adapted to a greater or lesser degree; the adjustments include transposing the piece to a more accommodating key, raising some bass notes by an octave and—in the harpsichord pieces—the thinning-out of some harmonies. After careful consideration I have decided to add a minimal amount of supporting bass notes to the Bach *Sonata* and lower some of

the existing bass notes by an octave. The keyboard and violin editions of the works contained in this anthology are readily available and I would urge players to consult these before simply accepting my suggestions. The bracketed *tr* (trill) signs in the Bach *Fugue* and time-signature in the *Presto* are editorial.

Standard guitar nomenclature is used throughout the anthology with the addition of a less common direction: the pivot *barré*. The pivot *barré* (indicated in the music as 'pivot') is recommended for two purposes: to facilitate the movement to or from a conventional *barré*, or to assist the left-hand first finger to move smoothly from a position on the treble strings to a new position on a lower string. A Roman numeral placed in parentheses is to indicate that whilst a *barré* is not necessary at this point, it again helps to obtain a smooth transition into, or away from, an essential *barré* position.

It will be apparent that the suggested guitar fingering will not always allow the notes to be sustained for their full printed duration. The full values are shown to indicate the musical intention: players wishing to alter fingerings in an attempt to adhere strictly to the given note values are, of course, at liberty to do so.

**Raymond Burley** 

## Anthology of Baroque Sonatas by Bach, Cimarosa, Seixas and Soler

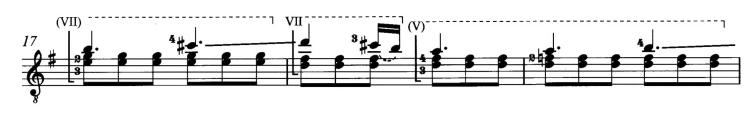
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#### 1. Sonata R 118

Original key: A minor

























## 2. Sonata Boghen XVI

Original key





## 3. Sonata Boghen XX

Original key: B flat minor/major













#### 4. Sonata No. 5

Original key: C major





















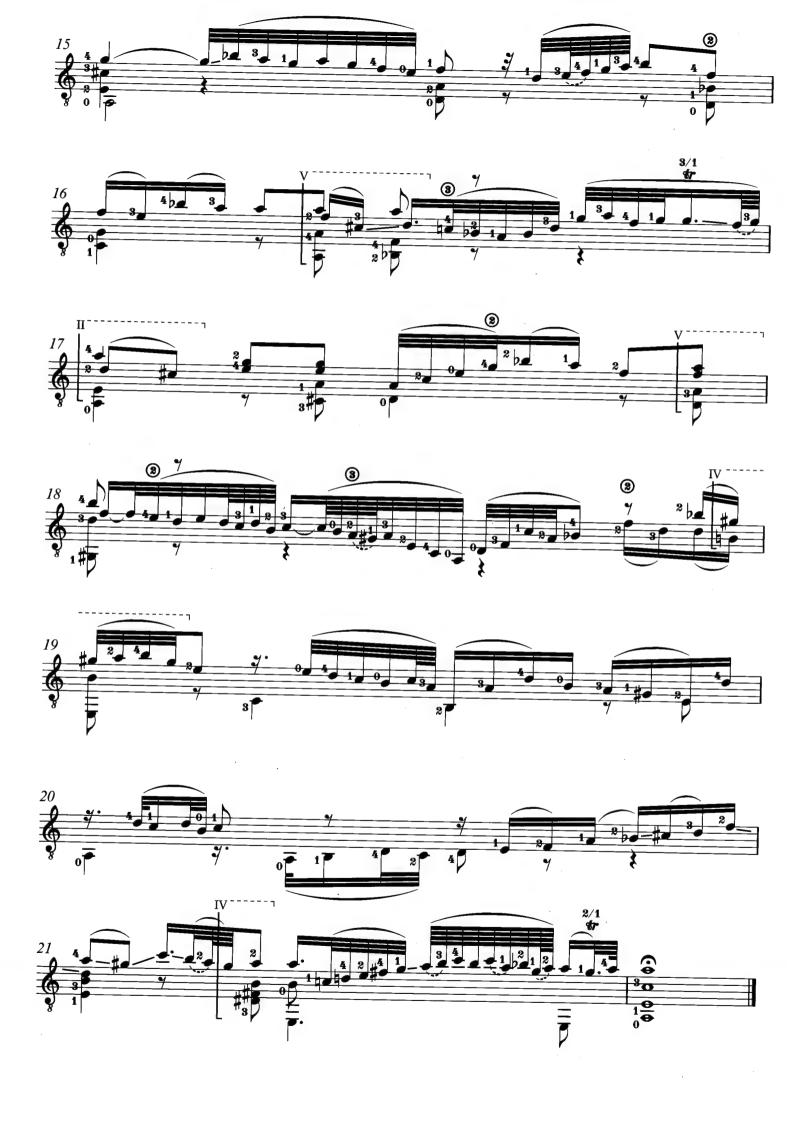




### 5. Sonata BWV 1001

Original key: G minor Johann Sebastian Bach (1685–1750) Adagio 2 **②** 3 3 V (pivot)





#### **Fugue**

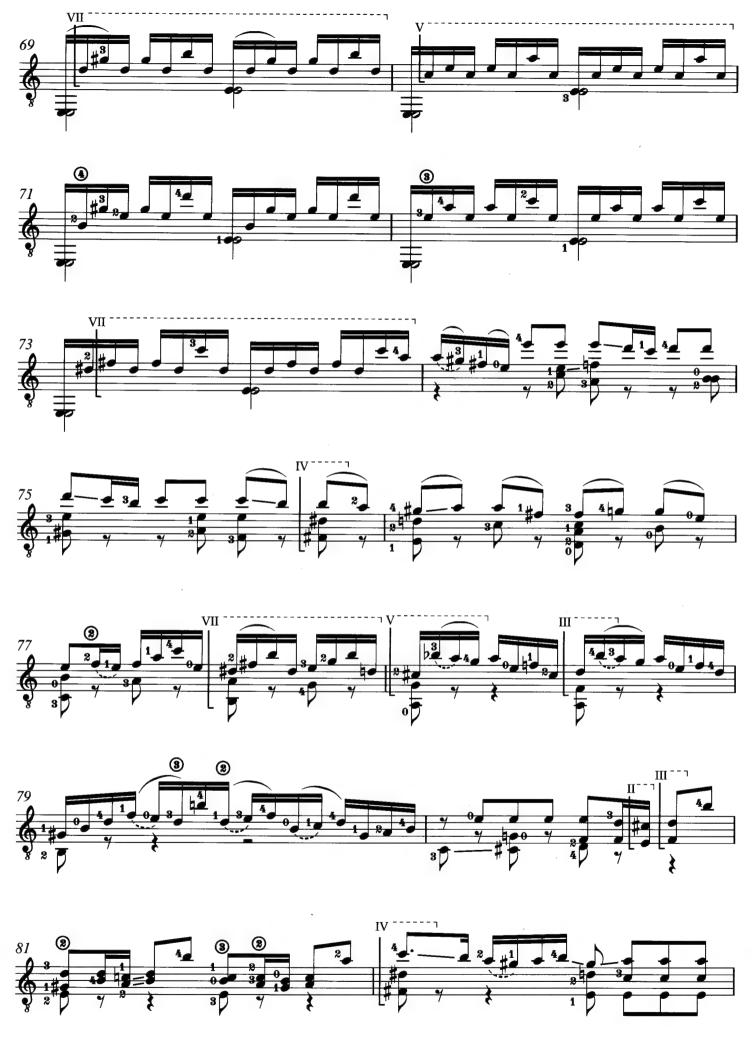






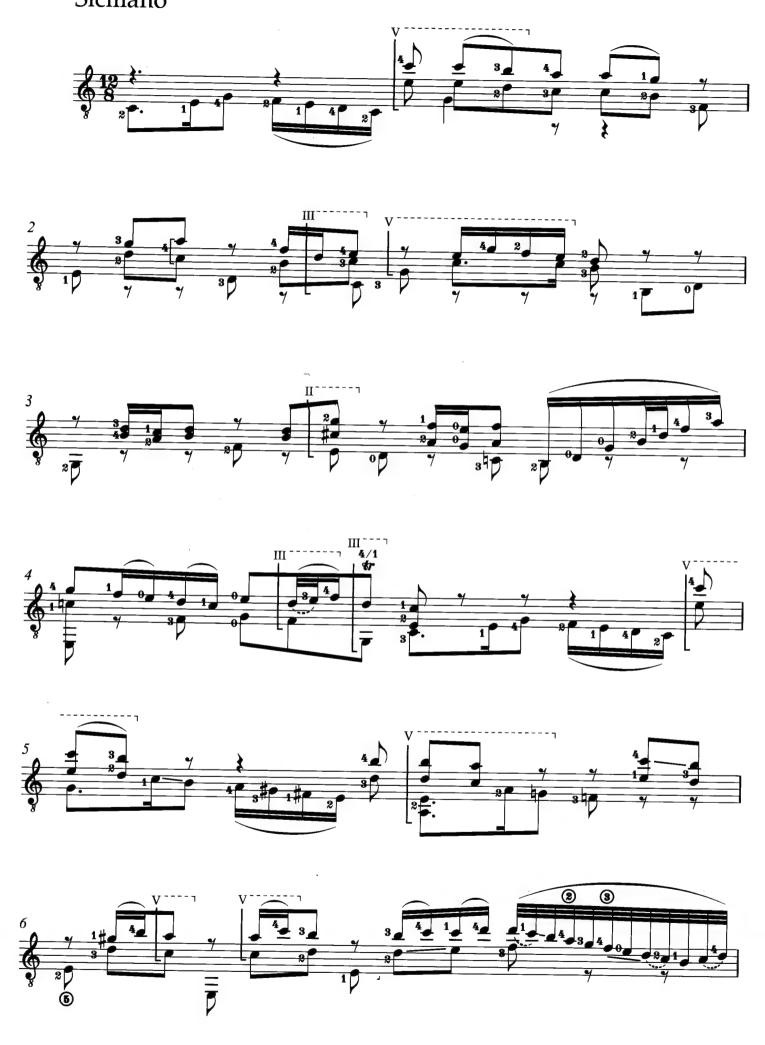


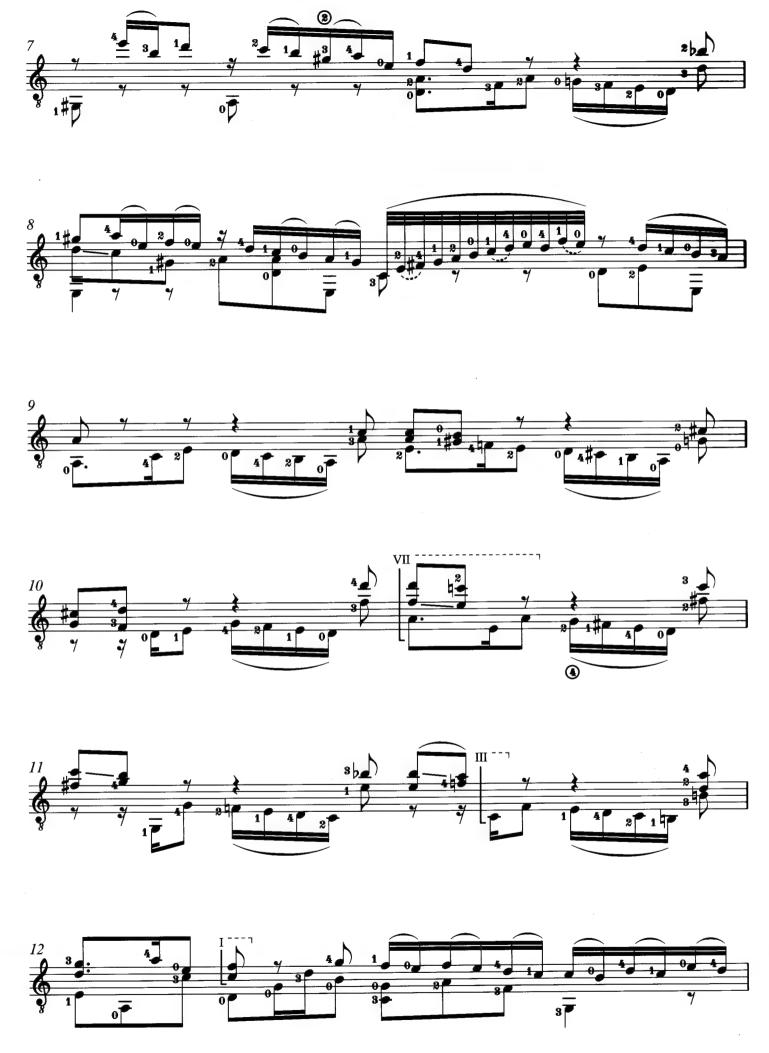






Siciliano







#### **Presto**

